VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS November 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-16
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	17
Statement of Activities	18-19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	22 - 23
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	324
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets –	
Proprietary Funds	26
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Types	27-28
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	29
Notes to Financial Statements	20.49

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	50-51
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Major Fund – Special Revenue – Health Department	52
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Major Fund – Special Revenue Fund – Public Safety	
Building Rent	53
Building Rent Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Major Fund – Special Revenue Fund – Illinois	
Municipal Retirement	54
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – Major Fund – Special Revenue – County Motor	
Fuel Tax	55
Schedules of Funding Progress	56-57
Notes to Required Supplemental Information	58
OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	59
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	60-66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance (Deficit) – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	67-72
Combining Statement of Net Assets – Other Enterprise Funds	73
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets –	
Other Enterprise Funds	74
Combining Statement of Net Assets – Internal Service Funds	75
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets –	
Internal Service Funds	76
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	77-79
STATISTICAL INFORMATION	80
Assessed Valuation and Tax Extensions	81
ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES GRANT REPORT	82
Grant Report	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS	87
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF	
FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	88-89
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE	
WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133	90-91
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	92-94
NOTE TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	95
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	96-97
SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS	98



Independent Auditor's Report

Vermilion County Board Danville, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vermilion County, Illinois, (County) as of and for the year ended November 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Vermilion County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

Management has not recorded certain fixed assets and general infrastructure assets in governmental activities and, accordingly, has not recorded depreciation expense on those assets. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that those assets be capitalized and depreciated, which would increase the assets, net assets, and also impact expenses of the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net assets, and expenses of the governmental activities is not reasonably determinable.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the governmental activities of Vermilion County, Illinois as of November 30, 2007, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vermilion County, Illinois as of November 30, 2007 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 23, 2008 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of funding progress for Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and schedule of employer contributions are not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Illinois Department of Human Services grant report is not required supplementary information by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, but is required information for that agency. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Vermilion County, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and statistical information, on pages 60 - 81, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Danville, Illinois May 23, 2008

Clifton Gunderson LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Vermilion County, we offer readers of Vermilion County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Vermilion County for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2007.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Vermilion County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30.5 million (*net assets*). Of this amount, \$17.5 million (*unrestricted net assets*) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The government's total net assets increased by \$4.8 million. Approximately 45% of this increase is attributable to the one time payment for the transfer of the Sidell-Allerton road from the State to Vermilion County; these dollars are restricted for road projects.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Vermilion County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33 million, an increase of \$4.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 65% of this total amount, \$21.4 million, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$8.9 million, or 81% of total General Fund expenditures.
- Vermilion County's total debt decreased by \$68,397 (1.67%) during the current fiscal year. This debt is comprised of accumulated paid time off and obligations under capital leases by the Danville Public Building Commission to fund the building of the Juvenile Detention Center. No new debt instruments were issued in the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Vermilion County's basic financial statements. Vermilion County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Vermilion County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of Vermilion County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Vermilion County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17 - 19 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Vermilion County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Vermilion County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and agency funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental *funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Vermilion County maintains three categories of governmental funds: General Fund; Major Special Revenue Funds; Non-major Governmental Funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues,

expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these categories of Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Vermilion County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 - 24 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Vermilion County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Vermilion County uses enterprise funds to account for its Solid Waste Management operation. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Vermilion County's various functions. Vermilion County uses internal service funds to account for its health and general liability insurance. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Vermilion County Nursing Home since it is considered to be a major fund of Vermilion County. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 28 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Vermilion County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 29 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30 - 48 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Vermilion County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50 - 58 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, proprietary funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 60 - 79 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Vermilion County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$30.5 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. By far, the largest portion of Vermilion County's net assets (60%) is comprised of unrestricted funds.

Vermilion County's Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)

	Governn	nental	Busines	s-Type		
	Activi	ties	Activ	ities	Tot	tal
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Current and other assets	\$47,348	\$43,564	\$1,394	\$1,112	\$48,742	\$44,676
Capital assets	_	-	1,375	1,576	1,375	1,576
Total assets	47,348	43,564	2,769	2,688	50,117	46,252
Long-term liabilities						
outstanding	4,022	4,091	_	-	4,022	4,091
Other liabilities	14,189	14,838	1,385	1,586	15,574	16,424
Total liabilities	18,211	18,929	1,385	1,586	19,596	20,515

	Governi	Hemai	Dusines	s-iype		
	Activi	ties	Activ	ities	Tot	tal
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net						
of related debt	-	-	1,375	1,576	1,375	1,576
Restricted	11,639	8,689	-	_	11,639	8,689
Unrestricted	17,498	15,946	9	(474)	17,507	15,472
Total net assets	\$29,137	\$24,635	\$1,384	\$1,102	\$30,521	\$25,737

Rusiness-Tyne

Governmental

An additional portion of Vermilion County's net assets (40%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net assets* (\$17.5 million) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Vermilion County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

There was a decrease of \$201,000 in invested in capital assets, net of related debt reported in connection with Vermilion County's business-type activities. This is entirely a function of depreciation expense, totaling \$210,000, and additions, totaling \$9,000 for the current year.

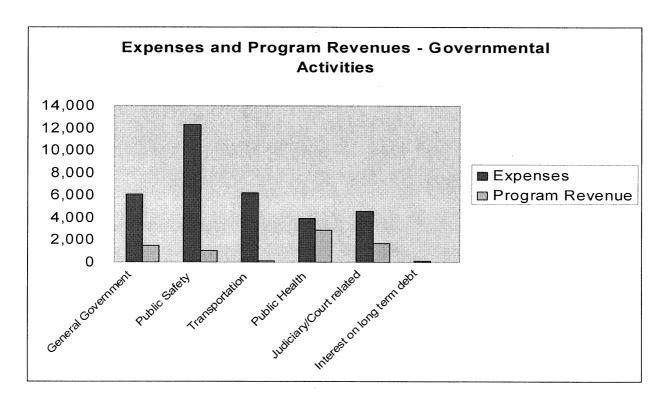
Vermilion County's net assets increased by \$4.8 million during the current fiscal year. About 40% of this increase represents the County's acquisition of the Sidell-Allerton road from the state of Illinois. The remainder of this growth was in unrestricted assets.

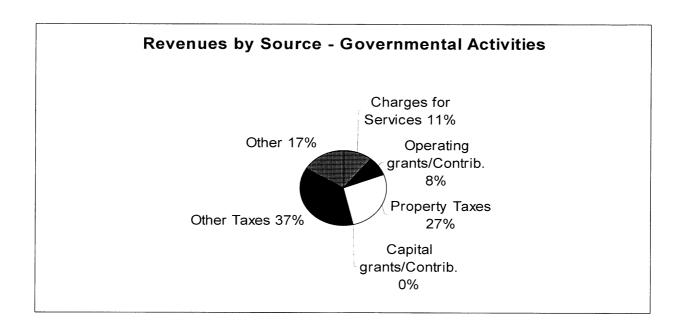
Vermilion County's Changes in Net Assets (Expressed in Thousands)

	Govern	mental	Busines	ss-Type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	rities	To	tal
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Revenues:						
Program revenues:					T-000	
Charges for services	\$4,073	\$3,560	\$9,233	\$6,656	\$13,306	\$10,216
Operating grants and contributions	3,138	3,462	-	_	3,138	3,462
Capital grants and contributions	47	124	-	-	47	124
General revenues:						
Property taxes	10,294	9,479	659	656	10,953	10,135
Other taxes	14,055	10,296	-	_	14,055	10,296
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs	-			_	_	
Other	5,430	6,925	271	38	5,701	6,963
Total revenues	37,037	33,846	10,163	7,350	47,200	41,196
Expenses:						
General government	5,751	6,104	_	_	5,751	6,104
Public safety	12,158	11,799	-	-	12,158	11,799
Transportation	6,228	7,563	-	-	6,228	7,563
Public Health	3,896	3,611	-	-	3,896	3,611
Judiciary/Court related	4,346	4,341	-	-	4,346	4,341
Interest on long-term debt	156	234	_	_	156	234
Nursing Home	_		9,430	7,855	9,430	7,855
Nursing Home Farm	-	-	51	35	51	35
Solid Waste Management	_	-	400	444	400	444
Total expenses	32,535	33,652	9,881	8,334	42,416	41,986
Increase in net assets	4,502	194	282	(984)	4,784	(790)
Net assets - 12/01/06	24,635	24,441	1,102	2,086	25,737	26,527
Net assets - 11/30/07	\$29,137	\$24,635	\$1,384	\$1,102	\$30,521	\$25,737

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased Vermilion County's net assets by \$4.5 million, thereby accounting for 94% of the total growth in the net assets of Vermilion County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

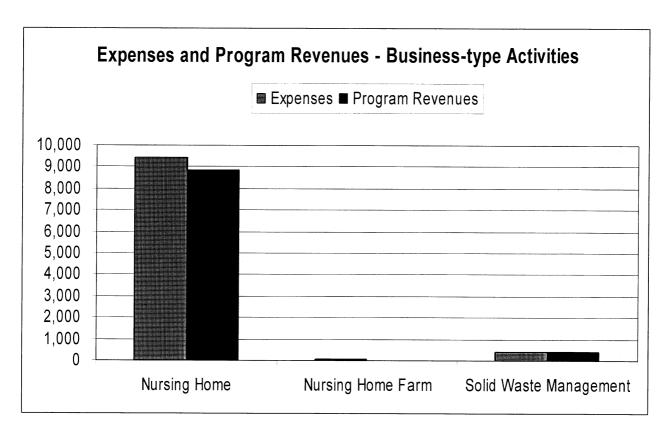
- Charges for services for governmental activities increased by approximately \$513,000. This is primarily comprised of increases in Judiciary and Court related and Public Health.
- Property taxes increased by approximately \$815,000 (8%) during the year. This increase is a function of the assessed valuation for property in Vermilion County increasing from \$753,663,553 in 05/06 to \$805,616,952 in 06/07. This is an increase in assessed valuation of \$51,953,399.
- Other taxes had an increase this fiscal year of \$3.7 million. This category includes taxes such as Corporate Replacement Taxes, up by \$.1 million, State Sales Tax, up \$.03 million, State Income Tax Allocation, increased \$.19 million, Local Motor Fuel Taxes, up \$3.4 million, and Inheritance Taxes which increased \$.05 million.
- Transportation expense is decreased by \$1.3 million this fiscal year due to the completion of the road work on the Catlin-Homer road.

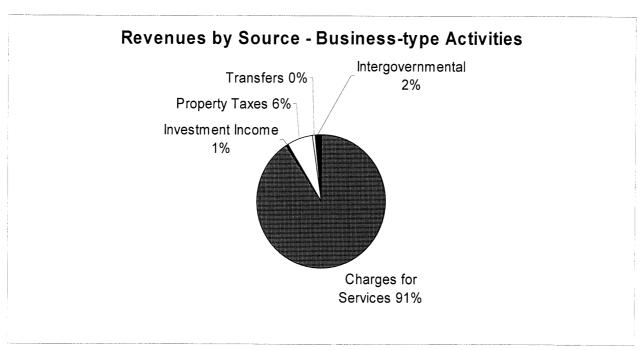




Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased Vermilion County's net assets by approximately \$282,000 accounting for 6% of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services for business-type activities were \$2.6 million higher (39% increase) for the current fiscal year. The Nursing Home reported \$2.5 million of this increase as a result of a change in Medicaid reporting requirements by the state of Illinois. There is a related increase in the Nursing Home expense line of \$1.6 million to offset this revenue, as required by the state, thus offsetting the large increase in revenue.
- Other revenues, which experienced an increase of approximately \$233,000 include: interest/investment income, up approximately \$35,000; intergovernmental revenues, increased by approximately \$117,000; and transfers, up by approximately \$81,000.
- Intergovernmental revenues were up from the prior year by approximately \$117,000; these revenues include Sales Taxes, Income Taxes, Federal/State Grants and Corporate Replacement Taxes.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Vermilion County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Vermilion County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Vermilion County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Vermilion County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33 million, an increase of \$4.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 65% of this total (\$21 million) constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to capital projects (\$.8 million), 2) to road projects (\$5.6 million), 3) for public safety (\$4.0 million), 4) employee retirement fund (\$.8 million), and 5) for a variety of other restricted purposes (\$.4 million).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Vermilion County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$8.9 million. Unreserved fund balance represents 81% of total General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of Vermilion County's General Fund increased by approximately \$828,000 during the current fiscal year. This was a result of the County Board and Elected Official/Department Head's concerted effort to meet their fiduciary responsibilities to produce a fiscally sound and conservative budget. They have worked to reduce expenses and thus created this increase.

The Public Safety Building Rent fund has a total fund balance of \$6.0 million, which is reserved for expenses related to public safety. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Public Safety Building Rent fund was approximately \$719,000. This is primarily a result of a refund from the Danville Public Building Commission, received in March of 2007, to correct an overpayment.

Proprietary funds. Vermilion County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the Vermilion County Nursing Home amounted to (\$392,000), and those for the Nursing Home Farm and Solid Waste Management, other enterprise funds, amounted to \$401,000. The total growth in net assets was \$128,750 and \$152,380, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these two funds have already been addressed in the discussion of Vermilion County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were relatively minor (\$620,000 increase in appropriations) and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Approximately \$250,000 due to contract settlements/payroll changes subsequent to budget preparation
- \$20,000 increase in contractual/professional services due to additional in autopsies
- \$34,000 increase to replace Annex accounting system, repair computer systems, communication system
- \$125,000 Grants received by EMA required associated expenses
- \$20,000 increase due to calculation changes in farmland assessments
- \$20,000 additional funding to Vermilion County Extension
- \$24,000 funding for election related expenses
- \$10,000 increase due to rising fuel costs
- \$10,000 increase to update law library

Of this increase, \$620,000 was to be funded from available fund balance. During the year, however, revenues exceeded budgetary estimates and expenditures were less than budgetary estimates, thus eliminating the need to draw upon existing fund balance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Vermilion County's investment in capital assets for its business type activities as of November 30, 2007, amounts to \$1.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and equipment. The total decrease in Vermilion County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 13%; the driving factor in this reduction was the increase in accumulated depreciation of \$210,000.

Vermilion County's Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Busine	ss-Type	
	Activ	vities	
	2007	2006	
Land	\$1,000	\$1,000	
Buildings	5,591,471	5,591,471	
Transportation equipment	66,067	66,067	
Recycling equipment	96,610	96,610	
Other equipment	1,155,063	1,145,831	
Total	\$6,910,211	\$6,900,979	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	5,535,010	5,324,712	
Net Capital Assets	\$1,375,201	\$1,576,267	

Additional information on Vermilion County's capital assets can be found in Note 10 on pages 45-46 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Vermilion County had a total long term obligation of \$4,022,411; this is comprised of obligations under capital lease agreement associated with the Danville Public Building Commission's bond issue for the Juvenile Detention Center and accumulated paid time off. The bonds are not in Vermilion County's name.

Vermilion County's Outstanding Debt Non Current Liabilities

Governmental

	Activ		
	2007	2006	
Accumulated paid time off	\$152,711	\$115,808	
Long term obligations	3,869,700	3,975,000	
Total	\$4,022,411	\$4,090,808	

Vermilion County's total long term debt decreased by \$68,397 (1.67%) during the current fiscal year. Although accumulated paid time off increased \$37,000, long-term obligations decreased \$105,000; thus, total long-term debt decreased 1.67% in this fiscal year.

Additional information on Vermilion County's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 on pages 38 – 39 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Vermilion County is currently 6.4%, which is an increase from a rate of 5.9% a year ago. This compares unfavorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.0% and the national average rate of 4.6%.
- The 2007 2008 Budget showed a decrease in the overall extended tax rate; the 2006 2007 rate was 1.7621% and the 2007 2008 rate dropped to 1.7047%. This was due to the diligence of the County Board and Elected Officials/Department Heads.
- The General Fund is expected to collect \$322,251 less in the 2007 2008 budget year than in the 2006 2007 budget year. It was decided that it would be more prudent to use existing fund balance rather than increase taxes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing Vermilion County's budget for the 2007 - 2008 fiscal year. Hence, the primary goal in preparing Vermilion County's budget for 2007 - 2008 fiscal year was to not increase the tax rate.

During the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$8.9 million. Vermilion County has appropriated \$240,000 of this amount for spending in the 2007 – 2008 fiscal year budget. It is intended that this use of available fund balance will avoid the need to raise taxes or charges during the 2007 – 2008 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Vermilion County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 6 N. Vermilion St., Vermilion County, Danville, IL 61832.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS November 30, 2007

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Total
CUIDDENIT ACCETO						
CURRENT ASSETS Cash	\$	7 269 760	\$	770 579	ď	0 120 247
Investments	J	7,368,769 18,147,868	D	770,578 264,084	\$	8,139,347
Receivables, net		829,638		1,939,394		18,411,952 2,769,032
Taxes receivable		10,442,101		1,939,394		10,442,101
Accrued interest		10,442,101		384		384
Prepaid items		4,321,302		-		4,321,302
Receivable from external parties		1,715,721		_		1,715,721
Internal balances		1,581,065		(1,581,065)		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Due from other governments		2,941,141	-	-		2,941,141
Total current assets		47,347,605		1,393,375	-	48,740,980
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital assets:						
Land		_		1,000		1,000
Buildings		-		5,591,471		5,591,471
Transportation equipment		-		66,067		66,067
Recycling equipment		-		96,610		96,610
Other equipment		-		1,155,063		1,155,063
Total, at cost		-	-	6,910,211		6,910,211
Less accumulated depreciation				5,535,010		5,535,010
Total noncurrent assets	-			1,375,201		1,375,201
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	47,347,605	\$	2,768,576	<u>\$</u>	50,116,181
CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	1 245 605	•			
Cash overdraft	\$	1,345,695	\$	-	\$	1,345,695
Accounts payable Accrued payroll		2,056,402		578,003		2,634,405
Due to others		213,881		114,360		328,241
Deferred revenue		48,433 10,524,059		692,663		48,433
Current portion of long-term obligations		113,100		092,003		11,216,722 113,100
Current portion of long term congations		113,100	-			113,100
Total current liabilities		14,301,570		1,385,026		15,686,596
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accumulated paid time off		152,711		-		152,711
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		3,756,600		-		3,756,600
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,909,311		-		3,909,311
Total liabilities		18,210,881		1,385,026		19,595,907
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of obligations		_		1,375,201		1,375,201
Restricted for capital projects		816,618		-		816,618
Restricted for road projects		5,598,949		-		5,598,949
Restricted for Public Safety						
Building Rent		4,004,953		-		4,004,953
Reserved for retirement		824,106		_		824,106
Restricted for election		27,263		-		27,263
Restricted for working cash		291,301		-		291,301
Restricted for Regional		-				,
Superintendent of Schools		75,561		-		75,561
Unrestricted		17,497,973		8,349		17,506,322
Total net assets		29,136,724		1,383,550	***************************************	30,520,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	47,347,605	\$	2,768,576	\$	50,116,181

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended November 30, 2007

	8,844,561 - 388,006 9,232,567
3,137,953	les
	4,073,330 8,844,561 - 388,006 9,232,567 \$ 13,305,897

Total governmental activities

Business-Type activities:

Nursing Home

Nursing Home Farm Solid Waste Management

Interest on long-term debt

Transportation

Public safety Public health

Governmental activities:

PROGRAMS

Judiciary and court related

General government

Total business-type activities

TOTAL

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Property taxes

Corporate personal property replacement taxes

State sales taxes

State income tax allocation

Hotel, restaurant and amusement taxes

Local motor fuel taxes

Inheritance taxes

Interest/investment income

Intergovernmental revenues

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR

658,877 \$ 10,953,049 - 1 412 876	3,270,112	- 2,425,630	- 4,477	- 6,870,392	- 71,657	56,327 1,137,262	173,245 3,965,455	- 598,054	41,547	929,996 30,708,964	281,130 4,782,739	1,102,420 25,737,535	3,550 \$ 30,520,274
\$ 10,294,172 \$ 6 1,412.876	3,270,112	2,425,630	4,477	6,870,392	71,657	1,080,935	3,792,210	598,054	(41,547)	29,778,968	4,501,609	24,635,115 1,10	\$ 29,136,724 \$ 1,383,550

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS November 30, 2007

			Major Special Revenue Funds							Nonmajor		Total	
	General Fund		Health Department		Public Safety uilding Rent	II	llinois Municipal Retirement	Co	County Motor Fuel Tax		Governmental Funds		overnmental Funds
ASSETS	ø.	Ф	552.000	Φ.	412.452		(7.70					_	
Cash Investments	\$ - 7,121,418	\$	553,098	\$	413,453 1,100,000	\$	67,792 700,000	\$	3,144,711 1,800,000	\$	3,080,054 6,976,450	\$	7,259,108 17,697,868
Receivables:	7,121,410		-		1,100,000		700,000		1,800,000		0,970,430		17,097,008
Taxes, net of allowance for													
estimated uncollectibles	994,950		236,853		4,405,500		1,534,500		-		2,626,798		9,798,601
Other	70,140		-		4,141		3,332		4,153		87,513		169,279
Prepaid items	-		-		4,004,953		-		-		316,349		4,321,302
Due from other funds	2,102,296		76		50,000		356,306		_		1,016,771		3,525,449
Due from other governments	1,599,411		267,646		569,570	-	-		89,701	_	414,813	_	2,941,141
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 11,888,215	. <u>\$</u>	1,057,673	\$	10,547,617	<u>\$</u>	2,661,930	\$	5,038,565	\$	14,518,748	\$	45,712,748
LIABILITIES													
Cash overdraft	\$ 1,345,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,345,695
Accounts payable	592,301		86,000		37,673		303,324		27		138,797		1,158,122
Accrued payroll	11,578		92,981		55,336		-		1,841		52,145		213,881
Due to other funds	-		-		-		-		-		36,358		36,358
Due to other governments			-		-		-		-		48,433		48,433
Deferred revenue	994,950		318,811	_	4,405,500	-	1,534,500		-		2,626,798	-	9,880,559
Total liabilities	2,944,524		497,792		4,498,509	_	1,837,824		1,868		2,902,531		12,683,048
FUND BALANCE													
Reserved for capital projects	-		-		-		-		-		816,618		816,618
Reserved for road projects	-		-		-		-		5,036,697		562,252		5,598,949
Reserved for Public Safety													
Building Rent Reserved for retirement	-		-		4,004,953		-		-		-		4,004,953
Reserved for election	-		-		-		824,106		-		27.262		824,106
Reserved for working cash	-		-		-		-		•		27,263		27,263
Reserved for Regional	-		-		-		-		-		291,301		291,301
Superintendent of Schools	_		_		_		_		_		75,561		75,561
Unreserved, reported in											75,501		75,501
General Fund	8,943,691		-		-		_		-		_		8,943,691
Special Revenue Funds	-		559,881		2,044,155	_	-		-		9,843,222		12,447,258
Total fund balance	8,943,691		559,881		6,049,108		824,106		5,036,697		11,616,217		33,029,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND													
FUND BALANCE	\$ 11,888,215	\$	1,057,673	\$	10,547,617	\$	2,661,930	\$	5,038,565	\$	14,518,748	\$	45,712,748

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES November 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	33,029,700
Certain assets are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net assets.		659,139
Internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		(529,704)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(4,022,411)
Net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	29,136,724

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

			Major Specia	Major Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor	Total
	General Fund	Health Department	Public Safety Building Rent	Illinois Municipal Retirement	County Motor Fuel Tax	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 1,369,647	\$ 226,623	\$ 4,287,896	\$ 1,597,674		\$ 2,812,332	\$ 10,294,172
Intergovernmental	7,093,116	2,557,957	2,873,040	110,000	4,466,806	4,380,744	21,481,663
Licenses and permits	20,375	ı				154,607	174,982
Charges for services	2,301,838	335,541	•	•	•	949,729	3,587,108
Fines and forfeits	311,240	•	1	•	1	. •	311,240
Miscellaneous	820,667	8,175	85,854	13,779	122,491	628,023	1,678,989
Total revenues	11,916,883	3,128,296	7,246,790	1,721,453	4,589,297	8,925,435	37,528,154
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	4,163,431	•	•	662,012	Ī	848,714	5,674,157
Judiciary and court related	3,120,163	,	•	458,316	•	767,526	4,346,005
Public safety	3,723,455	1	6,528,219	577,139	1	1,329,566	12,158,379
Public health	•	3,146,597	•		1	749,162	3,895,759
Transportation	•	1	•	•	2,622,222	3,605,394	6,227,616
Capital outlay	•	1	•	•	1	40,067	40,067
Debt service:							
Principal	1	1	1	•	,	105.300	105.300
Interest	1	1	1		1	156,509	156,509
T-7-1			6	1		,	
i otal expenditures	11,007,049	3,146,597	6,528,219	1,697,467	2,622,222	7,602,238	32,603,792
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	909,834	(18,301)	718,571	23,986	1,967,075	1,323,197	4,924,362

			Major Specia	Major Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor	Total
	General	Health Department	Public Safety Building Rent	Illinois Municipal Retirement	County Motor Fuel Tax	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	\$ 122,563 (204,705)	. (41,547)	€	· · ·	€9	\$ 224,705 (142,563)	\$ 347,268 (388,815)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(82,142)	(41,547)	1	•	1	82,142	(41,547)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing	007 200	(0)000)	0.10				
som ces (nses)	760,170	(39,848)	118,5/1	73,986	1,967,075	1,405,339	4,882,815
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,115,999	619,729	5,330,537	800,120	3,069,622	10,210,878	28,146,885
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,943,691	\$ 559,881	559,881 \$ 6,049,108	\$ 824,106		\$ 5,036,697 \$ 11,616,217 \$ 33,029,700	\$ 33,029,700

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended November 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 4,882,815

Revenues that are not available to pay current obligations are not reported in the fund financial statements, but they are presented in the statement of activities.

89,087

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Principal repayments capital lease Increase in compensated absences \$ 105,300 (36,903)

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities

68,397

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance and insurance to individual funds. The net expenditure of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities

(538,690)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

4,501,609

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS November 30, 2007

Governmental **Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds** Activities -Other Enterprise **Internal Service** Vermilion Manor Nursing Home Funds Total Fund **CURRENT ASSETS** \$ 670,601 \$ 99,977 \$ Cash 770,578 \$ 109,661 Investments 264,084 264,084 450,000 1,939,394 Receivables, net 1,878,204 61,190 643,500 Accrued interest 384 384 1,220 Due from other funds 157,695 Total current assets 2,548,805 425,635 2,974,440 1,362,076 NONCURRENT ASSETS 1,000 1,000 Land Buildings 5,572,471 19,000 5,591,471 Transportation equipment 66,067 66,067 Recycling equipment 96,610 96,610 Other equipment 1,124,181 30,882 1,155,063 Total, at cost 6,762,719 147,492 6,910,211 Less accumulated depreciation 5,403,314 131,696 5,535,010 Total noncurrent assets 1,359,405 15,796 1,375,201 TOTAL ASSETS 3,908,210 441,431 4,349,641 1,362,076 **CURRENT LIABILITIES** Accounts payable \$ 558,957 \$ 19,046 \$ 578,003 \$ 898,280 Accrued payroll 108,606 5,754 114,360 Due to other funds 1,581,065 350,000 1,581,065 Deferred revenue 692,663 692,663 643,500 Total current liabilities 2,941,291 24,800 2,966,091 1,891,780 **NET ASSETS** Invested in capital assets 1,359,405 15,796 1,375,201 Unrestricted net assets (392,486)400,835 (529,704)8,349 Total net assets 966,919 416,631 1,383,550 (529,704)TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS 3,908,210 441,431 4,349,641 1,362,076

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

	В	Governmental Activities -		
	Vermilion Manor Nursing Home	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 8,844,561	\$ 387,381	\$ 9,231,942	\$ 1,260,213
Fines and forfeits	•	625	625	-
Miscellaneous	3,189	170,056	173,245	-
Total operating revenues	8,847,750	558,062	9,405,812	1,260,213
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel services	5,556,177	176,075	5,732,252	2,464,962
Supplies and materials	458,250	8,387	466,637	-
Other services and charges	267,659	63,732	331,391	-
Contractual services	2,913,083	198,406	3,111,489	-
Capital outlay	8,450	-	8,450	-
Depreciation	205,462	4,836	210,298	
Total operating expenses	9,409,081	451,436	9,860,517	2,464,962
Operating income (loss)	(561,331)	106,626	(454,705)	(1,204,749)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Taxes	658,877		658,877	649,217
Interest income	52,120	4,207	56,327	16,842
Interest expense	(20,916)		(20,916)	
Total non-operating revenues	690,081	4,207	694,288	666,059
Income (loss) before transfers	128,750	110,833	239,583	(538,690)
OPERATING TRANSFERS				
Operating transfers in	_	41,547	41,547	_
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	128,750	152,380	281,130	(538,690)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	838,169	264,251	1,102,420	8,986
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 966,919	\$ 416,631	\$ 1,383,550	\$ (529,704)

	I	Business-Type Activiti Enterprise Funds	ies	Governmental Activities
	Vermilion Manor Nursing Home	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers including cash deposits Cash paid to suppliers and for claims	\$ 8,836,235 (3,522,682)	\$ 526,895 (277,320)	\$ 9,363,130 (3,800,002)	\$ 1,260,213 (2,112,794)
Cash paid to employees Cash paid to other funds	(5,893,127) (213,422)	(197,478) 	(6,090,605) (213,422)	300,000
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(792,996)	52,097	(740,899)	(552,581)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash received for property taxes Cash paid for interest Cash transfers to other funds	658,877 (20,916)	- - 41,547	658,877 (20,916) 41,547	649,217 - -
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	637,961	41,547	679,508	649,217
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property and equipment	(9,232)	_	(9,232)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of investments Interest received Proceeds from sale of investments	52,120	(123,085) 4,717 30,760	(123,085) 56,837 30,760	(100,000) 16,517
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	52,120	(87,608)	(35,488)	(83,483)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(112,147)	6,036	(106,111)	13,153
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR	782,748	93,941	876,689	96,508
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$ 670,601	\$ 99,977	<u>\$ 770,578</u>	\$ 109,661

		I		s-Type Activit rprise Funds	ies			vernmental Activities
		nilion Manor rsing Home	Othe	r Enterprise Funds	-	Total	Int	ernal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(561,331)	\$	106,626	\$	(454,705)	\$	(1,204,749)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation		205,462		4,836		210,298		-
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities:								
Receivables		(50,778)		(31,167)		(81,945)		-
Accounts payable and accrued payroll		(212,190)		(28,198)		(240,388)		352,168
Due to other funds		(213,422)		-		(213,422)		350,000
Due from others		-		-		-		(50,000)
Deferred revenue	-	39,263	-		-	39,263		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(792,996)	\$	52,097	\$	(740,899)	\$	(552,581)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

November 30, 2007

	***************************************	Agency Funds
Cash	\$	8,205,127
Investments		1,047,000
Receivables:		
Taxes, net of allowance for		
estimated uncollectibles		1,147,592
Accrued interest		25,399
Due from other funds		50,220
Inventory		25,046
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,500,384
Accounts payable	\$	97,187
Due to other funds		1,765,941
Due to other governments		156,671
Due to others		3,325,089
Due to taxing bodies	-	5,155,496
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,500,384

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS November 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Vermilion County, Illinois (County) is a municipality located in Central Illinois. Revenues are substantially generated as a result of taxes assessed and allocated to the County (examples would be property, sales, income, and motor fuel taxes), charges for services performed and governmental grants. Revenues are therefore dependent on the economy within the territorial boundaries of the County and nearby surrounding area and the appropriations of entitlements at the State and Federal Government level. Taxable industry within the area is primarily manufacturing and retail. The surrounding area has a substantial agricultural base.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the County.

PRINCIPLES USED TO DETERMINE THE SCOPE OF THE REPORTING ENTITY

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

The County's reporting entity includes the County's governing board and all related organizations for which the County is financially accountable.

The County is not aware of any entity which would be financially accountable to the County to the extent that they would be considered a component unit of the entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS November 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied for budgetary purposes. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, and fund balance/retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Governmental Funds are those through which governmental functions of the County are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the County's expendable resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Health Department Fund – This fund is used to account for revenue sources dedicated for Public Health.

Public Safety Building Rent Fund – This fund is used to account for its share of the activities of the Public Safety Building.

County Motor Fuel Tax Fund – This fund is used to collect and disburse state funds for County road projects.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – This fund is used to collect and disburse contributions to IMRF.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS November 30, 2007

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds are used to account for those County activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

Vermilion Manor Nursing Home – This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the County owned nursing home.

In addition to the general fund mentioned above, the County uses the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Debt Service Funds – Debt Service Funds are used to account for the County's accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt, principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds – The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the County's purchase or construction of major capital facilities which are not financed by other funds.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds – The Enterprise Funds operations are financed similar to a private business enterprise; the intent is that the cost of the service is financed by user charges, and the activities be measured on a net income basis.

Internal Service Funds – The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency or other departments or agencies of the government, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Government fund types also distinguish between restricted and unrestricted resources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS

The County adopts an annual budget and appropriation ordinance in accordance with Chapter 35 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The budget covers the fiscal year ending November 30, and is available for public inspection at least fifteen days prior to final adoption. All appropriations cease with the close of the fiscal year. The budget document is prepared for all budgetary funds using the modified accrual basis for projecting expenditures and revenues.

Once the County budget has been adopted, no further appropriations shall be made during the year, except in the event of an immediate emergency at which time the County Board by a two-thirds vote makes appropriations in excess of those authorized in the budget.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

POOLED CASH

The County maintains pooled cash accounts for different fund groups which are used to account for all cash and investment transactions of that group. Monthly interest income of each pool is distributed to the individual funds based on their cash balance in the pool during that period.

INVESTMENTS

Investments consist of certificates of deposit with maturities of less than one year, which are stated at cost which approximates market value, and U.S. Government Mutual Funds and the County's deposit in the Governmental Insurance Exchange Pool, which are recorded at quoted market prices.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The County has not maintained historical records required to record the costs of capital assets acquired over the years, other than in the proprietary funds. The costs to purchase these items have been expenditures of the various funds when incurred. This lack of historical information makes it impractical to accurately present the capital assets owned by the County. This represents a departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Public domain (infrastructure), consisting of improvements to roads, sidewalks, and bridges has been recorded as current expenditures of various funds when incurred. Beginning with fiscal year 2003 infrastructure assets were to be capitalized on a prospective basis in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. Since the County has recorded these as expenditures, this represents a departure from generally accepted accounting principles.

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds reflect the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources. Principal payments on long-term obligations are recorded as expenditures in the current year.

The proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are included on the balance sheet of these funds.

Buildings and equipment are recorded at cost and the farm land of 137 acres is carried at \$1,000, the approximate cost at the date of acquisition. Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the proprietary funds is charged as expense against their operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives ranging from 10 - 40 years for buildings and improvements and 5 - 20 years for equipment using the straight-line method.

FUND EQUITY/NET ASSETS

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on or before the last Monday in December and are intended to finance the County's new fiscal year beginning December 1. The combined tax rate of the County for the year ended November 30, 2007 was \$1.762 per \$100 of assessed valuation. For budgetary purposes, taxes are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are intended to finance.

Property in Vermilion County is assessed by the Vermilion County Assessor. The values are adjusted by various percentages depending upon the type of property (residential, commercial, etc.). The assessed values are equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue to ensure uniformity of property assessments throughout the state. The Vermilion County Clerk computes the annual tax rate by dividing the levy into the equalized value of each taxing unit. The Clerk then computes the tax for each parcel by multiplying the aggregate rates of all the taxing units having jurisdiction over the parcel by the equalized value. The tax amounts by parcel are forwarded to the Vermilion County Collector.

Property taxes are collected by the Vermilion County Collector who remits to the taxing units their respective shares of the collection. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year in July and September.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

PROPERTY TAXES (CONTINUED)

Based on collection histories, the County has provided at November 30, 2007 an allowance for uncollectible real property taxes equivalent to 1 percent of the current year's levy.

Real property tax revenues are recognized when earned in proprietary funds. Since property taxes are measurable but not available to finance current period obligations, the receivable is recorded and deferred in the governmental funds.

ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND PERSONAL DAYS

Accumulated unpaid vacation and personal days are not accrued in Governmental Funds. The liability of the County for accumulated unpaid Option II days (the former sick pay benefit) is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. No County employee is allowed to accumulate vacation days.

The County allows employees ten personal days per year in lieu of sick days.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County has adopted formal investment policies and procedures as recommended by the County Treasurer. This investment policy applies to the investment activities of all funds of the County of Vermilion and all funds under the control of the County Treasurer as County Collector. The County Treasurer may invest in any type of security allowed under Illinois law and listed in the Illinois Revised Statutes. All investments shall be selected on the basis of competitive bids. Investments made outside the geographical boundaries of Vermilion County will always be made at a higher interest rate than could be received within those boundaries. All investments must be kept within the geographical boundaries of the State of Illinois. The carrying amount of the County's bank deposits, including certificates of deposits and money market funds was \$33,125,162 and the respective bank balances totaled \$38,613,189. Included in the carrying amount of the County's bank deposits and the respective bank balances are certificates of deposits totaling \$16,780,688 and \$16,780,688, respectively. Also included in the County's bank deposits are money market funds totaling \$113,495.

Interest Rate Risk – the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County Treasurer realizes there is a time value to money; therefore, idle cash may be invested for a period of one day or in excess of a year, depending on when the money is needed. The main objective of the Vermilion County Treasurer's cash management procedure is to comply with Illinois Revised Statutes. When deposits of monies become collected funds and are not needed for immediate disbursement, they shall be invested within two working days at prevailing rates or better in accordance with state law.

The County Treasurer's investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements which may be reasonably anticipated. All securities held as of November 30, 2007, mature within one year.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk – risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The standard of prudence to be used by the County Treasurer of Vermilion County shall be the "prudent person" standard which states;

Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the possible income to be derived.

The above standard is established as the standard for professional responsibility and shall be applied in the context of managing the County's overall portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk – the risk that a government will not be able to cover deposits if the depository financial institution fails or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. It shall be the policy of the Vermilion County Treasurer to require collateral on all funds. When collateral is required, it must be pledged at 100%. It is the County's policy to be fully collateralized.

Deposits in the Illinois Funds - The State Treasurer maintains the Illinois Treasurer's Investment Pool (Pool) at cost and fair value through daily adjustment in the interest earnings. The State Treasurer also maintains the average duration of the pool at less than 25 days. The Pool is audited annually by an outside independent auditor and copies of the report are distributed to participants.

The monies invested by the individual participants are pooled together and invested in U.S. Treasury bills and notes backed by full faith and credit of the U.S. Treasury. In addition, monies are invested in fully collateralized time deposits in Illinois financial institutions, in collateralized repurchase agreements, and in treasury mutual funds that invest in U.S. Treasury obligations and collateralized repurchase agreements.

The time deposits are collateralized 110% over FDIC and FSLIC \$100,000 insurance with U.S. Treasury obligations and marked to market on a weekly basis to maintain sufficiency. The repurchase agreements are collateralized at 102% with U.S. Treasury obligations and the collateral is checked daily to determine sufficiency. Deposits in the Illinois Funds totaled \$1,692,702 at November 30, 2007.

In addition to the above, the County had \$985,562 invested in certificates of deposits through financial services brokers.

NOTE 3 – ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE RECEIVABLES

The County's receivables are recorded net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts for the Nursing Home enterprise fund in the amount of \$115,000.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable (due to/due from other funds) at November 30, 2007 were as follows:

Fund	Interfund <u>Receivable</u>	Interfund <u>Payable</u>
General Fund	\$2,102,296	<u>\$</u>
Special Revenue Funds:		
Health Department	76	
Indemnity	43,440	
County Člerk Vital Records	1,056	
FICA	907,286	
Illinois Municipal Retirement	356,306	
Court Support	6,238	
Court Document Storage	5,348	
Courthouse Automation	4,954	
Courthouse Security	- 4.450	27,231
Recorder's Special Fee	4,458	- 0.701
Law Library	1,644	2,701
Probation Service	14,201	-
Treasurer's Automation	21,720	
Victim Witness Attorney General	50,000	
Public Safety Building Rent	6,426	
Total special revenue funds	1,423,153	36,358
Enterprise Funds:		
Nursing Home	_	1,581,065
Č	***************************************	
Internal Service	157,695	350,000
Agency Funds:		
Restitution	11,600	10,324
County Collector		1,581,426
County Clerk	8,688	7,108
Circuit Clerk	´-	144,708
Recorder		18,444
Work Release	-	3,931
Treasurer's Account	29,932	<u>-</u>
Total trust and agency funds	50,220	1,765,941
TOTAL	\$ 3,733,364	\$ 3,733,364

The amounts due to/from other funds are for routine and recurring interfund charges.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers for the year ended November 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

Transfers to General Fund from: Non-major governmental funds	<u>\$ 122,563</u>
Transfers to Non-major Governmental Funds from: General Fund	<u>\$ 204,705</u>
Transfers to Non-major Governmental Funds from: Non-major governmental funds	\$ 20,000
Transfers to Other Enterprise Funds from: Health Department Fund	\$ 41.457

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund collecting them to the fund that statute or budget reflects to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 5 - GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

During fiscal year ended November 30, 2007 the County's general long-term debt consisted of obligations under capital leases and accumulated paid time off. Changes in long-term debt for the year ended November 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Balance November 30, 2006	<u>Additions</u>	Deductions	Balance November 30, <u>2007</u>
Accumulated paid time off Juvenile Detention Center lease	\$ 115,808 3,975,000	\$ 48,402	\$ 11,499 	\$ 152,711 3,869,700
TOTAL	\$ 4,090,808	<u>\$ 48,402</u>	<u>\$ 116,799</u>	\$ 4,022,411

Juvenile Detention Center lease

The County entered into a lease agreement with the Danville Public Building Commission, wherein the Commission constructed a juvenile detention center and is leasing it to Vermilion County for a period beginning on November 1, 2001 and ending on December 31, 2019.

At the end of the lease, the title to the site and all remaining assets will revert back to the County.

In accordance with the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 13 (FASB 13) *Accounting for Leases*, the County capitalized the lease obligation at the fair market value of the property at the inception of the lease. However, since the County does not record fixed assets, the value of the property has not been reflected in the financial statements.

Sales tax is collected in the Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund to provide for payments on the lease.

NOTE 5 – GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

\$5,000,000 Juvenile Detention Center lease with the Danville Public Building Commission, due in annual installments as shown below through November 1, 2026, including interest at varying rates from 3.8% to 4.1%.

The following is a schedule of the minimum lease payments required under the remaining capital lease:

	Total	Principal	Interest
Fiscal Year			
2008	\$ 265,241	\$ 113,100	\$ 152,141
2009	264,539	117,000	147,539
2010	263,681	120,900	142,781
2011	262,667	124,800	137,867
2012	261,497	128,700	132,797
2013-2017	1,317,003	737,100	579,903
2018-2019	1,546,108	1,134,900	411,208
Thereafter	<u>1,509,655</u>	_1,393,200	116,455
TOTAL	\$5,690,391	\$3,869,700	<u>\$ 1,820,691</u>

Interest cost incurred on general long-term debt by the County during the year ended November 30, 2007 totaled \$156,509.

NOTE 6 - LEASE AGREEMENTS

Public Safety Building lease

A lease agreement was entered into as of October 8, 1984 wherein the Danville Public Building Commission agreed to lease the Public Safety Building to the City of Danville and the County for their joint use. This agreement includes the operations of a Joint Communications Center whose costs are divided and apportioned equally between the County and City. The agreement provides also for the salaries and fringe benefits of "leased" employees whose costs are apportioned solely to the County.

An additional lease was entered into as of June 18, 2001 with the Danville Public Building Commission for the purpose of expanding and improving the Public Safety Building.

NOTE 6 – LEASE AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Public Safety Building lease

If, in any year, the rental payments are in excess of funds required, the Danville Public Building Commission refunds the excess to the City and County. If, in any year, the rental payments are insufficient, the Commission shall provide only those services that it can with whatever funds are available.

The following is a schedule of the minimum lease payments required under the leases:

Fiscal Year

2008

\$ 4,449,130

Lease expense for the year ended November 30, 2007 was \$4,243,989.

NOTE 7 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

The most recent information available is for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Other Qualified Vermilion County Employees

Plan Description

The County's (Employer) defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

IMRF issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.imrf.org/pubs_homepage.htm or by writing to Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oakbrook, Illinois 60523.

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The County's rate for calendar year 2006 was 8.89 percent of payroll. The County's contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis (overfunded liability amortized on open basis). The amortization period at December 31, 2006 was 25 years.

NOTE 7 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Other Qualified Vermilion County Employees (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

For December 31, 2006, the County's annual pension cost of \$1,309,910 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 15% corridor. The assumptions used for the 2006 actuarial valuation were based on the 2002-2004 experience study.

TREND INFORMATION

Actuarial	Annual	Percentage	Net
Valuation	Pension	of APC	Pension
<u>Date</u>	<u>Cost (APC)</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
12/31/06 12/31/05 12/31/04	\$ 1,309,910 448,709 384,211	100% 100% 100%	\$ - -

Digest of Changes

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liability for 2006 are based on the 2002-2004 Experience Study. The principal changes were:

- The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality implemented
- For Regular members, fewer normal and early retirements are expected to occur

NOTE 7 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel

Plan Description

The County's (Employer) defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

IMRF issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.imrf.org/pubs_homepage.htm or by writing to Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oakbrook, Illinois 60523.

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 7.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The County's rate for calendar year 2006 was 14.55 percent of payroll. The County's contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis (overfunded liability amortized on open basis). The amortization period at December 31, 2006 was 26 years.

For December 31, 2006, the County's annual pension cost of \$262,735 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 15% corridor. The assumptions used for the 2006 actuarial valuation were based on the 2002-2004 experience study.

TREND INFORMATION

Actuarial	Annual	Percentage	Net
Valuation	Pension	of APC	Pension
<u>Date</u>	<u>Cost (APC)</u>	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
12/31/06 12/31/05 12/31/04	\$ 262,735 206,914 221,347	100% 100% 100%	\$ - -

NOTE 7 - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (Continued)

Digest of Changes

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liability for 2006 are based on the 2002-2004 Experience Study. The principal changes were:

- The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality implemented
- For Regular members, fewer normal and early retirements are expected to occur
- SLEP member contribution rate changed from 6.5% to 7.5% effective June 1, 2006

Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Elected County Officials

Plan Description

The County's (Employer) defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

IMRF issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained at www.imrf.org/pubs_homepage.htm or by writing to Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oakbrook, Illinois 60523.

Employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 7.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The member rate is established by state statute. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The County's rate for calendar year 2006 was 47.31 percent of payroll. The County's contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the IMRF Board of Trustees. IMRF's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis (overfunded liability amortized on open basis). The amortization period at December 31, 2006 was 26 years.

For December 31, 2006, the County's annual pension cost of \$365,800 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of IMRF assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 15% corridor. The assumptions used for the 2006 actuarial valuation were based on the 2002-2004 experience study.

NOTE 7 – ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Elected County Officials (Continued)

TREND INFORMATION

Actuarial Valuation	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
<u>Date</u>	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/06	\$ 365,800	100%	\$ -
12/31/05	343,842	100%	-
12/31/04	200,173	100%	-

Digest of Changes

Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liability for 2006 are based on the 2002-2004 Experience Study. The principal changes were:

- The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality implemented
- For Regular members, fewer normal and early retirements are expected to occur

NOTE 8 - STATE AND FEDERALLY ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The County participates in a number of state and federally assisted programs. Federal programs are audited in accordance with the Single Audit Act and have not resulted in any disallowed costs. However, grantor agencies may provide for further examinations. Based on prior experience, the County believes further examinations would not result in any material disallowed costs.

NOTE 9 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Expenditures Over Budget

The following individual funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations:

Nursing Home Working Cash County Bridge

Deficit Fund Balance

The following individual funds maintained deficit fund balances as of November 30, 2007:

Court Security \$ 29,837 Law Library 10,147

NOTE 10 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The County maintains three Enterprise Funds. The Nursing Home and County Farm provide nursing home care and land utilization services. The Solid Waste Management Fund provides management services for the County's solid waste issues. Segment information for the year ended November 30, 2007 is as follows:

	Vermilion Manor Nursing <u>Home</u>	(ermilion County <u>Farm</u>	Solid Waste Management	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenues Depreciation Operating income (loss)	\$ 8,847,750 205,462 (561,331)	\$	143,323 92,325	\$ 414,739 4,836 14,301	\$ 9,405,812 210,298 (454,705)
Operating transfers in (out) Property and equipment additions	9,232		-	41,547 -	41,547 9,232
Change in net assets Net working capital Total assets Total equity	128,750 (392,486) 3,908,210 966,919		92,325 164,084 165,084 165,084	60,055 236,751 276,347 251,547	281,130 8,349 4,349,641 1,383,550

FIXED ASSETS

Nursing Home

	Balance December 1, 2006	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance November 30, <u>2007</u>
Buildings Transportation equipment Other equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$5,572,471 66,067 1,114,949 6,753,487 (5,197,852)	\$ - <u>9,232</u> <u>9,232</u> (205,462)	\$ - - - - -	\$5,572,471 66,067 1,124,181 6,762,719 (5,403,314)
Total	<u>\$1,555,635</u>	\$ (196,230)	\$ -	<u>\$ 1,359,405</u>
County Farm				
	Balance December 1, 2006	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	Balance November 30, 2007
Land	\$ 1,000	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 1,000

NOTE 10 - SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Solid Waste Management

	Ľ	Balance December 1, 2006	dditions	<u>Dis</u>	<u>posals</u>	Balance vember 30, 2007
Buildings	\$	19,000	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 19,000
Recycling equipment		96,610	_		_	96,610
Other equipment		30,882			-	30,882
		146,492	_		-	 146,492
Less accumulated depreciation		(126,860)	 (4,836)		-	 (131,696)
Total	\$	19,632	\$ (4,836)	\$	-	\$ 14,796

The Nursing Home Fund and the Solid Waste Management Fund are budgeted as part of the County's normal budget process.

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES

The following disclosures are required for Vermilion County's joint ventures.

Danville Public Building Commission

The Danville Public Building Commission was organized under the provisions of the "Public Building Commission Act of the State of Illinois" to enable the erecting, equipping and providing of modern public buildings to space and house the various branches, departments and agencies of government in the County Seat of Vermilion County, Illinois.

The officials of the Danville Public Building Commission are appointed by the City of Danville, Danville Sanitary District, Danville School District #118 and Vermilion County.

Through the appointment of one commission official, the County has indirect control over the Commission's budgeting and financing. However, all capital improvement projects financed by the Commission must be approved by the City of Danville, Vermilion County and the Public Safety Building Commission.

Vermilion County Emergency Telephone System Board

The Vermilion County Emergency Telephone System Board was established under an intergovernmental agreement between the County, the City of Danville, and the City of Hoopeston. This agreement was pursuant to the State of Illinois enacting the Emergency Telephone System Act, Chapter 134, Section 31 - 46 of the Illinois Revised Statutes. The Vermilion County Emergency Telephone System Board is a joint board established specifically for the purpose of providing and maintaining emergency telephone systems.

Vermilion County provides bookkeeping and investing services at no cost to the Emergency Telephone System Board.

NOTE 12 - SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE

The County is self-funded for workers' compensation insurance coverage which is accounted for in a separate internal service fund (Liability Insurance Fund). The coverage is administered by an independent company. The County's risk retention is \$400,000 per individual per claim up to \$2,000,000 in aggregate over a one-year period. Actual claims paid in fiscal year 2007 were \$260,729.

GASB Statement 10 requires that a liability for claims be reported if the liability is both probable and can be reasonably estimated. The liabilities for unpaid claims are determined by the independent plan administrator. The estimated claims payable for claims reported at November 30, 2007 was \$235,477. The liability for claims incurred but not reported was estimated to range between \$266,480 and \$280,289. Based on this range, the County reflected a total liability for unpaid claims in the accompanying financial statements of \$507,000.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during fiscal year 2007 were as follows:

Estimated Liability December 1, <u>2006</u>	Incurred and <u>Estimated Claims</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Estimated Liability November 30, <u>2007</u>
\$ 507,000	\$ 260,729	\$ 260,729	\$ 507,000
Estimated Liability December 1, 2005	Incurred and <u>Estimated Claims</u>	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Estimated Liability November 30, <u>2006</u>
\$ 870,000	\$ 188,953	\$ 551,953	\$ 507,000

During 2007, the County became partially self-insured for group health insurance. The coverage is administered by an independent company. The County's risk retention is \$50,000 per individual claim, with a maximum specific benefit of \$1,000,000 per person in excess of specific deductible. A liability for unpaid claims has been established in the Health Insurance Internal Service Fund. This liability is equal to claims submitted and not paid prior to year end and an estimate of claims incurred and not yet submitted based on payment data. The County carries insurance to limit their liability for excessive claims. Estimated recoveries on unsettled claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. The County believes the estimated liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expense is sufficient to cover the ultimate net cost of incurred claims. However, such reserves are necessarily based on estimates and the ultimate liability may be greater or less than the amounts estimated. The methods used to calculate such estimates and establish the resulting liabilities are continually reviewed, and any adjustments are reflected in current earnings. The liability is included in accrued expenses on the Internal Service Funds.

NOTE 12 - SELF-FUNDED INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of Changes in Claims Liability

Claims liability, beginning balance Claims paid, incurred prior to December, 2007	\$.	1,057,220)
Increase in claims liability for claims incurred prior to December, 2007	·	1,437,220
Claims liability, ending balance	\$	380,000

The County uses the reimbursement method in processing unemployment claims.

The County had no claims exceeding their coverage limits on their other insurance coverage.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended November 30, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,350,000	\$ 1,369,647	\$ 19,647
Intergovernmental	6,159,025	6,289,765	7,093,116	803,351
Licenses and permits	22,000	22,000	20,375	(1,625)
Charges for services	1,915,000	1,953,334	2,301,838	348,504
Fines and forfeits	330,000	330,000	311,240	(18,760)
Miscellaneous	712,140	712,140	820,667	108,527
Total revenues	10,488,165	10,657,239	11,916,883	1,259,644
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government				
County Board	292,947	309,897	299,744	10,153
County Auditor	81,554	88,179	87,369	810
Data Processing	229,763	235,829	235,828	1
County Treasurer	190,770	194,920	192,584	2,336
Non-Department Services	585,342	670,342	485,527	184,815
Capital Outlay	262,200	297,756	278,666	19,090
Merit Commission	12,884	14,784	14,771	13
Regional Superintendent of Schools	90,984	94,899	94,507	392
County Clerk	439,703	461,102	458,010	3,092
County Recorder	154,787	158,502	161,570	(3,068)
Other	758,000	761,069	682,716	78,353
Election Commission	233,863	255,760	225,212	30,548
Board of Review	52,750	57,430	56,015	1,415
Supervisor of Assessments	265,804	281,183	265,308	15,875
Buildings and Grounds	622,980	686,152	625,604	60,548
Total General Government	4,274,331	4,567,804	4,163,431	404,373
Judiciary and Court Related				
Circuit Clerk	459,005	470,255	468,628	1,627
States Attorney	910,265	922,945	908,572	14,373
Probation	919,522	950,956	950,956	
Judiciary and Rules	398,255	401,992	357,126	44,866
Collection Program	32,027	33,552	33,552	
Public Defender	381,330	402,930	401,329	1,601
Total Judiciary and Court Related	3,100,404	3,182,630	3,120,163	62,467
Public Safety				
Sheriff	2,067,715	2,130,725	2,012,988	117,737
Juvenile Detention Center	1,259,443	1,292,682	1,242,817	49,865
Emergency Services Disaster Agency	257,533	384.358	298.400	85,958
Coroner	144,760	166,360	169,250	(2,890)

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year Ended November 30, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Total expenditures	\$ 11,104,186	\$ 11,724,559	\$ 11,007,049	\$ 717,510
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(616,021)	(1,067,320)	909,834	1,977,154
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	340,000 (100,397)	340,000 (100,397)	122,563 (204,705)	(217,437) (104,308)
Total other financing sources (uses)	239,603	239,603	(82,142)	(321,745)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	\$ (376,418)	\$ (827,717)	827,692	\$ 1,655,409
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			8,115,999	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 8,943,691	

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE - HEALTH DEPARTMENT Year Ended November 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable _(Unfavorable)_
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 238,070	\$ 238,070	\$ 226,623	\$ (11,447)
Intergovernmental	2,586,730	2,740,017	2,557,957	(182,060)
Charges for services	359,066	359,066	335,541	(23,525)
Miscellaneous	-	-	8,175	8,175
Total revenues	3,183,866	3,337,153	3,128,296	(208,857)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public health	3,138,866	3,337,153	3,146,597	190,556
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	45,000	-	(18,301)	(18,301)
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Operating transfers out	(45,000)	(45,000)	(41,547)	3,453
Deficiency of revenues over				
expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (45,000)	(59,848)	\$ (14,848)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			619,729	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 559,881	

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PUBLIC SAFETY BUILDING RENT Year Ended November 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	Dudget	Dudget	Actual	(Ciliavol able)
Taxes	\$ 4,300,000	\$ 4,300,000	\$ 4,287,896	\$ (12,104)
Intergovernmental	2,520,400	2,520,400	2,873,040	352,640
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	85,854	55,854
Total revenues	6,850,400	6,850,400	7,246,790	396,390
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	6,690,530	6,756,790	6,528,219	228,571
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	159,870	93,610	718,571	624,961
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating transfers in	165,000	165,000	-	(165,000)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing				
sources	\$ 324,870	\$ 258,610	718,571	\$ 459,961
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			5,330,537	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 6,049,108	

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT Year Ended November 30, 2007

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,597,674	\$ (2,326)
Intergovernmental	485,500	485,500	110,000	(375,500)
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	13,779	8,779
Total revenues	2,090,500	2,090,500	1,721,453	(369,047)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Retirement contributions	2,100,000	2,100,000	1,697,467	402,533
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9,500)	(9,500)	23,986	33,486
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating transfers in	75,000	75,000		(75,000)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing				
sources	\$ 65,500	\$ 65,500	23,986	\$ (41,514)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			800,120	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 824,106	

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAJOR FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE - COUNTY MOTOR FUEL TAX Year Ended November 30, 2007

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 4,466,806	\$ 2,916,806
Miscellaneous	150,390	150,390	122,491	(27,899)
Total revenues	1,700,390	1,700,390	4,589,297	2,888,907
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Transportation	5,206,411	5,206,411	2,622,222	2,584,189
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	\$ (3,506,021)	\$ (3,506,021)	1,967,075	\$ 5,473,096
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR			3,069,622	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 5,036,697	

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS Year Ended November 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND QUALIFIED VERMILION COUNTY EMPLOYEES

		Actuarial				UAAL as a	
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		1	ercentage of	
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	_	Covered	
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio		Payroll	
<u>Date</u>	(B)	a	(p-a)	(a/p)	(2)	((b-a)/c)	
12/31/06	\$ 30,053,603		\$ (591,282)	102.01%	\$ 14.734.642	0.00%	
12/31/05	27,308,986		(861.717)	103.26%	14,956,951	00.0	
12/31/04	25,923,645	25,508,229	(415,416)	101.63%	15,368,459	%00°0	

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2006 is \$32,518,558. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 110.37%.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SHERIFF'S LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL

Actuarial Valuation	,	Actuarial Value of	Lia	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL	Funded Refie	Co		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered	
<u>Date</u>		(a)		(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	4. 0.		$\frac{(b-a)(c)}{(b-a)(c)}$	
12/31/06	↔	7,009,881	∽	8,296,037	\$ 1,286,156	84.50%	\$,804,450	71.28%	
12/31/05		6,029,518		6,386,954	357,436	94.40%		,488,576	24.01%	
12/31/04		5,716,584		5,982,066	265,482	95.56%	_	1,567,612	16.94%	

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2006 is \$7,547,681. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 90.98%.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF FUNDING PROGRESS Year Ended November 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		T	Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
<u>Date</u>	(B)	(q)	(b-a)	(a/p)	<u>.</u> (2)	$((\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a})/\mathbf{c})$
12/31/06	\$ 1399.454	4	3218115	706000	\$ 772 100	. 446,0007
	・しょくくしょ)	0,110,100	0//0.07	0/1/2,170	440.00%
12/31/05	936,44(_	3,351,976	21.84%	733.681	456.87%
12/31/04	636,841	4,311,769	3,674,928	14.77%	448,525	819.34%
			`		- 1 - 1	

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2006 is \$1,576,092. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 32.51%.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION November 30, 2007

Basis of Accounting – The County's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis for all budgeted funds as presented in the Required Supplemental Information.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

		Mental Health <u>Board</u>	7 0	Animal Control		Trans- <u>portation</u>	=1	Indemnity	Cou Vita	County Clerk <u>Vital Records</u>	
Cash Temporary investments Receivables: Taxes, net of allowance for estimated uncollectibles Other Prepaid items Due from other funds	↔	277,958 200,000 769,261	↔	77,754	↔	198,834 1,400,000 698,445 14,519	↔	138,000	↔	43,643	
Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	₩	1,247,987	€	77,754	~	2,311,798	↔	182,769	€	1,030	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue	⇔	1,651 1,093	€9	6,468 5,379	S	9,920 24,051 - - 698,445	↔	1 1 1 1	∽	301	
Total liabilities		772,005		11,847		732,416		•		301	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		475,982		65,907		1,579,382		182,769		44,398	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	∞	1,247,987	8	77,754	∞	2,311,798	€	182,769	5	44,699	

North Fork Special Service Area 3	8,096	3,119	\$ 11,215	212	3,119	7,884	11,215
rrk 	29,118	16,216	45,334	1,104 \$	16,216 17,320	28,014	45,334 \$
North Fork Special <u>Service Area 2</u>	↔	-	8	↔		7	
North Fork Special <u>Service Area 1</u>	51,729 50,000	43,035 192 -	144,956	2,931	43,035	98,990	144,956
No S	↔		⇔ ∥	↔			↔
County Clerk Tax <u>Automation</u>	428		428	1 1 1 1	1	428	428
O A	⇔		↔	⇔			↔
FICA	335 300,000	767,250 768 - 907,286	1,975,639	45,884	813,134	1,162,505	1,975,639
	⇔		⇔	≶			⇔
	Cash Temporary investments Receivables:	Taxes, net of allowance for estimated uncollectibles Other Prepaid items Due from other funds Due from other governments	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to other governments	Deferred revenue Total liabilitics	FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

	1 1		'		37	37)	'
Court Security				2,606	29,837	(29,837)	
	⇔		8	∨			8
Court <u>Automation</u>	183,590	4,954	188,544	1,459	2,572	185,972	188,544
∀ I	∽		↔	€9			⇔
Court Document <u>Storage</u>	120,006	5,348	125,354	1,505	1,944	123,410	125,354
_	S		8	€			↔
County <u>Bridge</u>	105,960	329,472	1,846,313	1,039	330,511	1,515,802	1,846,313
	\$		8	∞			S
Court <u>Support</u>	224,291	6,238	230,529	56	99	230,473	230,529
9 21	\$		<u>\$</u>	∞			~
	Cash Temporary investments Receivables:	Taxes, net of allowance for estimated uncollectibles Other Prepaid items Due from other funds Due from other governments	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

	Re-	Recorder's Special Fee		Law Library	-	Township Motor <u>Fuel Tax</u>		Child <u>Support</u>		Probation <u>Service</u>	
Cash Temporary investments Receivables:	<	148,851	⇔	1 1	↔	165,176	\$	168,164	↔	284,617	
Taxes, net of allowance for estimated uncollectibles Other Prepaid items Due from other funds		4,458		1,644		12,345		30,295		20,627	
TOTAL ASSETS	↔	153,309	8	1,644	↔	315,143	↔	198,459	↔	305,244	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue	€9	6,131	↔	9,090	↔	10,878	↔	877 1,157	⇔	11,066	
Total liabilities		6,131		11,791		10,878		2,034		26,044	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		147,178		(10,147)		304,265		196,425		279,200	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	↔	153,309	\$	1,644	⇔	315,143	⇔	198,459	∞	305,244	

	Tre <u>Aut</u>	Treasurer's <u>Automation</u>	Circu Oper <u>Admin</u>	Circuit Clerk Operation & Administration	L	Township <u>Bridge</u>	Off-Track <u>Betting</u>	ack E	VC	VC Trustee Revolving <u>Fund</u>	Ā	Law Enforcement <u>Fund</u>
Cash Temporary investments Receivables:	⇔	50,293	€	4,932	⇔	261,514	\$	17	≶	26,230	∨	284,164 2,499,562
other Prepaid items Due from other funds Due from other governments		21,720				628				1 1 1 1 1		6,142 316,349 - 217,258
TOTAL ASSETS	↔	72,013	€	4,932	∞	262,142	\$	17	↔	26,230	↔	3,323,475
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue	€-	2,957	↔		∨	4,155	↔		⇔		⇔	
Total liabilities		2,957				4,155				1		1
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		69,056		4,932		257,987		17		26,230		3,323,475
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	∞	72,013	↔	4,932	↔	262,142	∞	17	⇔	26,230	8	3,323,475

	Victin At G	Victim Witness Attorney <u>General</u>	Confi	Home Confinement and <u>Probation</u>		CRIS	Multi- Jurisdictional <u>Narcotics</u>	onal SS	Aut	GIS
Cash Temporary investments Receivables: Taxes, net of allowance for estimated uncollectibles Other Prepaid items Due from other funds Due from other governments	↔	11,500	↔	101,579	↔	48,433	↔	89 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	€	50,498
TOTAL ASSETS	↔	11,500	S	101,579	↔	48,433	∽	89	↔	50,498
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue	€	532 6,426	↔	1,204	∨	48,433	⇔		8	19,909
Total liabilities		6,958		1,204		48,433		ı		20,706
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT)		4,542		100,375		1		89		29,792
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	€	11,500	↔	101,579	⇔	48,433	S	89	⇔	50,498

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

	Mental Health <u>Board</u>	Animal Control	Trans- portation	Indemnity	County Clerk Vital Records	FICA
REVENUES Troop	073 066	6		6	e	
i axes Intergovernmental	0,50,540	· ·	\$ 000,235		· ·	\$ 772,770
Licenses and permits	•	154,607	•	Í	ı	1
Charges for services	1	72,421	•	22,400	17,440	•
Miscellaneous	6,116	4,554	61,833	8,581	1,780	7,988
Total revenues	736,656	231,582	728,068	30,981	19,220	1,070,757
EXPENDITURES						
General government	•	•	1	•	9,012	371,445
Judiciary and court related	•	•	•			257,154
Public safety	•	322,067	•	•	1	323,824
Public health	734,334	•	•	1	•	•
Transportation	•	į	546,579	•	•	•
Capital projects	1	•	1	•	•	
Debt service:						
rincipal	•	•	1	1	•	•
Interest		1	1	1	•	•
Total expenditures	734,334	322,067	546,579	1	9,012	952,423
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	2,322	(90,485)	181,489	30,981	10,208	118,334
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		100,397		- (7.346)	, ,	, ,
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	100,397	1	(7,346)	1	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other						
financing sources (uses)	2,322	9,912	181,489	23,635	10,208	118,334
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	473,660	55,995	1,397,893	159,134	34,190	1,044,171

\$ 1,162,505

44,398

\$ 182,769

\$ 1,579,382

\$ 65,907

\$ 475,982

FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

	County Clerk Tax <u>Automation</u>	North Fork Special Service Area 1	North Fork Special Service Area 2	North Fork Special Service Area 3	Court Support	County <u>Bridge</u>
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Miscellaneous		\$ 34,992	\$ 12,976	\$ 2,548	\$ - - 87,631 8,158	\$ 264,681
Total revenues	153	38,974	13,962	2,845	95,789	332,662
EXPENDITURES General government Judiciary and court related Public safety Public health Transportation Capital projects Debt service:	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10,232	3,855	741	21,631	496,625
Principal Interest	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Total expenditures	1	10,232	3,855	741	21,631	496,625
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	153	28,742	10,107	2,104	74,158	(163,963)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out				1 1	(81,201)	1 1
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	1	•	1	(81,201)	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	153	28,742	10,107	2,104	(7,043)	(163,963)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	275	70,248	17,907	5,780	237,516	1,679,765
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 428	066'86 \$	\$ 28,014	\$ 7,884	\$ 230,473	\$ 1,515,802

	Court Document <u>Storage</u>	Court <u>Automation</u>	Court Security	Recorder's Special Fee	Law <u>Library</u>	Township Motor <u>Fuel Tax</u>
REVENUES Taxes	. ↔	€9	⇔	∽	• >	· •
Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Miscellaneous	71,745	65,367	1,032	59,541	27,955	1,934,245
Total revenues	76,812	72,652	1,032	65,976	27,955	1,964,405
EXPENDITURES General government Judiciary and court related Public safety	70,484	56,655	119,278	52,953	33,286	
rublic health Transportation Capital projects						2,160,984
Debt service: Principal Interest	1 1	1	1 1	1 1		
Total expenditures	70,484	56,655	119,278	52,953	33,286	2,160,984
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	6,328	15,997	(118,246)	13,023	(5,331)	(196,579)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out			104,308	1 1	1 1	1 1
Total other financing sources (uses)			104,308	1	1	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	6,328	15,997	(13,938)	13,023	(5,331)	(196,579)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	117,082	169,975	(15,899)	134,155	(4,816)	500,844
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 123,410	\$ 185,972	\$ (29,837)	\$ 147,178	\$ (10,147)	\$ 304,265

	Child Support	Probation <u>Service</u>	Treasurer's Automation	Circuit Clerk Operations & Administration	Township <u>Bridge</u>	Off-Track <u>Betting</u>
REVENUES						
Taxes	· •	•	· •	69	· •	· •
Intergovernmental	•	•	•	ı	469,341	17.623
Licenses and permits	1	•	1	•		
Charges for services Miscellaneous	50,400 2,925	209,633	11,200	4,881	4,025	722
Total revenues	53,325	232,980	13,464	4,932	473,366	18,345
EXPENDITURES						
General government	1	•	6,813	•	1	,
Judiciary and court related	45,462	196,862	•	•	•	•
Public safety	•	1	,	•	i	•
Public health	,	٠	•	•	1	•
Transportation	•	•	•	•	274,128	
Capital projects	•	•	•		,	•
Debt service:				•		
Principal	,	٠	•	•	ı	,
Interest		1	1	1		1
Total expenditures	45,462	196,862	6,813	1	274,128	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	7,863	36,118	6,651	4,932	199,238	18,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	1 1	1 1	1	•	i	- 47.017
						(18,744)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	1	•	1	1	(18,744)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other						
financing sources (uses)	7,863	36,118	6,651	4,932	199,238	(399)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	188,562	243,082	62,405	1	58,749	416
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 196,425	\$ 279,200	\$ 69,056	\$ 4,932	\$ 257,987	\$ 17

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				Ġ	Grants		
	VC Trustee Revolving Fund	Law Enforcement	Law Enforcement	Victim Witness Attorney		Multi- Jurisdictional	Home Confinement and
	rund	rund	Grant	General	CRIS	Narcotics	Probation
REVENUES	€		•	•			
1 dXCS Interconsermental	•	\$ 327,590	- 6	- G	· (· ;	·
Licenses and permits	1 1	1,321,047	10,100	22,500	17,'0/8	168,581	
Charges for services	3,095	1	,			, ,	
Miscellaneous	1,159	107,110	89	4,531	1	•	969'09
Total revenues	4,254	1,756,347	10,168	27,031	127,078	168,581	969'09
EXPENDITURES							
General government	4,724	•	•	ı	,	,	
Judiciary and court related	•	1	1	•	•	•	•
Public safety Duklic heelth	•	409,881	10,168	27,428	ı	188,581	47,617
Transportation		, ,		•	- 270 771	ı	
Capital projects	•	•	ı		210,121	' '	• 1
Debt service:						1	•
Principal	1	105,300	ı	1	1	ı	•
Interest		156,509		*	1	1	1
Total expenditures	4,724	671,690	10,168	27,428	127,078	188,581	47,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(470)	1,084,657	1	(397)	1	(20,000)	13,079
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in	ı	•	ı	,	1	20,000	•
Operating transfers out	1	(20,000)		1	1	•	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	(20,000)	1	•	1	20,000	1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other							
financing sources (uses)	(470)	1,064,657		(397)	ı	•	13,079
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,700	2,258,818	1	4,939	1	89	87,296
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 26,230	\$ 3,323,475	·	\$ 4,542	· S	89 8	\$ 100,375

	GIS <u>Automation</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Board of Elections	Working <u>Cash</u>	Reg. Supt. Direct Services	<u> Total</u>
REVENUES Taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ - 245,880 1,578	\$	\$ 19,630	\$	8	\$ 2,812,332 4,380,744 154,607 949,729 678,073
Total revenues	247,458	55,475	19,630	15,014	126,810	8,925,435
EXPENDITURES General government Judiciary and court related Duction of the court related	239,900		7,989		122,592	848,714 767,526
ruotus satety Public health Transportation Capital projects		40,067	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1,329,566 749,162 3,605,394 40,067
Debt service: Principal Interest	1 1		1	1 1	1 1	105,300
Total expenditures	239,900	40,067	7,989	1	122,592	7,602,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	7,558	15,408	11,641	15,014	4,218	1,323,197
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out			1 1	(15,272)		224,705 (142,563)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	•	t	(15,272)	1	82,142
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	7,558	15,408	11,641	(258)	4,218	1,405,339
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,234	801,210	15,622	291,559	71,343	10,210,878
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ 29,792	\$ 816,618	\$ 27,263	\$ 291,301	\$ 75,561	\$ 11,616,217

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS November 30, 2007

ASSETS

	Vermilion <u>County Farm</u>	Solid W <u>Manager</u>		<u>Total</u>
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$ -	\$	99,977 \$	99,977
Investments	164,084		100,000	264,084
Receivables	-		61,190	61,190
Accrued interest			384	384
Total current assets	164,084	. 2	261,551	425,635
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				
Land	1,000)	-	1,000
Buildings	-		19,000	19,000
Recycling equipment	-		96,610	96,610
Other equipment			30,882	30,882
Total, at cost	1,000	1	46,492	147,492
Less accumulated depreciation	<u> </u>	1	31,696	131,696
Total property and equipment	1,000		14,796	15,796
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 165,084	\$ 2	76,347 \$	441,431
LIA	BILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	19,046 \$	19,046
Accrued payroll			5,754	5,754
Total current liabilities		·	24,800	24,800
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	1,000		14,796	15,796
Unrestricted	164,084		36,751	400,835
Total net assets	165,084	25	51,547	416,631
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 165,084	\$ 27	76,347	441,431

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

	Vermilion <u>County Farm</u>	Solid Waste <u>Management</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 387,381	\$ 387,381
Fines and forfeits	-	625	625
Miscellaneous	143,323	26,733	170,056
Total operating revenues	143,323	414,739	558,062
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	-	176,075	176,075
Supplies and materials	-	8,387	8,387
Other services and charges	50,998	12,734	63,732
Contractual services	, -	198,406	198,406
Depreciation		4,836	4,836
Total operating expenses	50,998	400,438	451,436
Operating income	92,325	14,301	106,626
NON-OPERATING REVENUES			
Interest income		4,207	4,207
Income before operating transfers	92,325	18,508	110,833
OPERATING TRANSFERS			
Operating transfers in		41,547	41,547
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	92,325	60,055	152,380
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	72,759	191,492	264,251
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 165,084	\$ 251,547	\$ 416,631

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS November 30, 2007

	Health nsurance	eral Liability		Total
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 4,295	\$ 105,366	\$	109,661
Investments	-	450,000		450,000
Receivables, net	-	643,500		643,500
Accrued interest	-	1,220		1,220
Due from other funds	 -	 157,695		157,695
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,295	\$ 1,357,781	\$	1,362,076
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 380,000	\$ 518,280	\$	898,280
Due to other funds	350,000	· -		350,000
Deferred revenue	 -	 643,500	-	643,500
Total current liabilities	730,000	1,161,780		1,891,780
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted net assets	 (725,705)	 196,001		(529,704)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 4,295	\$ 1,357,781	\$	1,362,076

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

		Health isurance	eral Liability		Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	934,964	\$ 325,249	\$	1,260,213
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services		1,664,542	 800,420		2,464,962
Net loss from					
operating activities	-	(729,578)	 (475,171)		(1,204,749)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES					
Taxes		-	649,217		649,217
Interest income		3,873	 12,969	-	16,842
Total non-operating revenues		3,873	 662,186		666,059
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		(725,705)	187,015		(538,690)
TOTAL NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR			 8,986		8,986
TOTAL NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$	(725,705)	\$ 196,001	\$	(529,704)

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS November 30, 2007

ASSETS

	Restitution	County	Treasurer's Account	Inheritance Tax	Deposit Fund	Unknown Heirs	Non-resident Heirs	Payroll Clearing	ı
Cash Investments Receivables:	\$ 24,983	\$ 4,991,284	\$ 72,352	\$ 69,264	\$ 192,887 550,000	\$ 61,289	\$ 40,897	\$ 221,436	10.1
Taxes, net of allowance for estimated uncollectibles Accrued interest Due from other funds Inventory	11,600	1,147,592	29,932	7,405	5,167				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 36,583	\$ 6,150,551	\$ 102,284	\$ 76,669	\$ 748,054	\$ 61,289	\$ 40,897	\$ 221,436	ال ا
			1	LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 10,324	\$ 14,372 1,581,426	\$ 22,056	\$	\$ 23,933		ج	\$ 30,378	
Due to others Due to taxing bodies	26,259	4,554,753	80,228	10,007	724,121	61,289	40,897	- 191,058 -	

221,436

40,897

61,289

748,054

699,91

102,284

6,150,551

36,583

8

TOTAL LIABILITIES

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS November 30, 2007

ASSETS

		Work Release	Prik Com	Prisoner's Commissary	S	Sheriff's Office	Pr	Probation Office		County Clerk		Circuit Clerk	~	Recorder
Cash Investments Receivables: Taves not of all angue for	↔	20,191	⇔	85,614	↔	41,718	⇔	6,115	∽	211,431	↔	1,678,756	⇔	998'66
estimated uncollectibles Accrued interest Due from other funds Inventory				- 16,996				1 1 1 1		8,688				- 0508
TOTAL ASSETS	8	20,191	↔	102,610	8	41,718	€	6,115	↔	220,119	↔	1,868,756	↔	107,416
						LIABILITIES	Ş							
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Due to others Due to taxing bodies	↔	3,931	↔	102,610	₩	41,718	≶	6,115	↔	7,108	≶	144,708 80,002 1,644,046	↔	18,444
TOTAL LIABILITIES	↔	20,191	S	102,610	S	41,718	↔	6,115	↔	220,119	8	1,868,756	↔	107,416

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS November 30, 2007

ASSETS

STATISTICAL INFORMATION

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS ASSESSED VALUATION AND TAX EXTENSIONS Tax Levies 2006, 2005, and 2004 (Unaudited)

	a	2006 Extended in 2007	<u>107</u>		2005 Extended in 2006	90		2004 <u>Extended in 2005</u>	ΥCI
EQUALIZED VALUATION	\$ 753,66	,663,553		↔	738,986,490		↔	738,986,490	
TAXES EXTENDED	€	11 740 423	16.010%	÷	11 000 702	7036 31	6	771 000 0	/000
Townships and Road Districts		.511.855	7.51%	5	5 252 491	7.75%	9	5 149 782	7 99%
Cities and villages	~	8,207,236	11.19%		7,912,967	11.67%		7,650,822	11.87%
District schools	38	,751,570	52.81%		34,824,883	51.36%		34,109,488	52.93%
High school and junior college	5	,384,610	7.34%		5,160,555	7.61%		4,992,789	7.75%
Sanitary districts		23,840	0.03%		22,789	0.03%		21,725	0.03%
Vermilion County Airport Authority		570,349	0.78%		561,679	0.83%		567,491	0.88%
Fire protection districts	1	,351,897	1.84%		1,271,129	1.87%		1,238,903	1.92%
Cemeteries Vermilion County Conservation	ý.	96,359	0.13%		91,880	0.14%		89,771	0.14%
District		985,720	1.34%		987,704	1.46%		942,566	1.46%
Libraries, parks, etc.		746,243	1.02%		623,567	0.92%		588,849	0.91%
TOTALS	\$ 73	73,379,112	100.00%	↔	67,799,426	100.00%	₩	64,442,952	100.00%
			Rate			Rate			Rate
			Per \$100			Per \$100			Per \$100
	Exten	<u>Extension</u>	<u>Valuation</u>		Extension	Valuation		Extension	Valuation
General County	\$,349,408	0.16750	∽	1,334,738	0.17710	∽	1,441,024	0.19500
County IMRF		1,599,955	0.19860		1,600,028	0.21230		710,166	0.09610
County Highway		669,468	0.08310		620,265	0.08230		670,261	0.09070
Social Security		775,004	0.09620		750,649	09660.0		620,010	0.08390
County Health		237,657	0.02950		180,879	0.02400		223,913	0.03030
Bridge Fund		265,048	0.03290		265,290	0.03520		315,547	0.04270
Public Safety Building-rental	4	4,300,383	0.53380		4,163,237	0.55240		2,750,508	0.37220
Mental Health Board #708		733,111	0.09100		700,153	0.09290		769,285	0.10410
Liability Insurance		650,133	0.08070		650,412	0.08630		650,308	0.08800
Drainage Districts		65,571	0.31180		63,685	0.30770		61,828	0.30020
Cooperative		69,897	0.01240		100,237	0.01330		144,841	0.01960
Nursing Home		659,800	0.08190		660,209	0.08760		733,075	0.09920
Law Enforcement - B&I		343,998	0.04270		•	'		1	-
TOTALS	\$ 11,	11,749,433	1.76210	\$	11,089,782	1.77070	\$	9,090,766	1.52200

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES GRANT REPORT

Revised April 2007

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES GRANT REPORT for the period July 1 through June 30, 2007

Page 1 of 2 -- Grant Allowable Cost Summary

AGENCY NAME: Vermilion County Health Dept.

FEIN: 37-6002224

		DHS GRAN	MANT-FUNDED SERVICES	RVICES			All other	Mgmt &	
			. •				Programs	General	Total
		Program 1	Program 2	Program 3	Program 4	Program 5			
	Program Name/Number/Contract	MIC	AOK	ЭЭН	HFI	НW			
	Number/Other Identification 711G7520	006	570	420	4.00	390			
< <	Direct Program expenses	335,899	54,724	29,585	174,374	33,826	502,582	218,827	1,349,81
В	Allocate Management and General Costs (Note 1)	62,083	19,987	9,672	17,526	6,041	103,518	-218,827	-0-
ပ	SUBTOTAL A + B	397,982	74,711	39,257	191,900	Ш	39,867 606,100	-0-	1,349.81
۵	Subtract Unallowable costs per page 2		0 0	d	0	0			
Ш	Add other approved uses (attach documentation)		0 0	d	d	O			
ш.	TOTAL Allowable costs	397,982	2 74,711	39,257	191,900	39,867			
ပ	Special provisions (see instructions)		0 0	0	0	0			
I	Interest Earned (see instructions) *		0 0	0	0	0			

X other basis (attach explanation). X total direct costs, __ direct salaries, NOTE 1: Management and General costs are allocated based on: ___

Direct costs are used for supplies, travel, patient care and equipment (when purchased). However,rent is allocated by square footage. Full Time Equivalency (FTE) is used for other However, rent is allocated by square footage. such as phones, postage, etc. expenses

*Cost of accounting for interest is significant in terms of interest earned.

AGENCY NAME: Vermilion County Health Dept.

FEIN: 37-6002224

	DHS GRANT	-FUNDED SERVI			
Now a /Number of Contract Number:	Program 1 WIC	Program 2 A O K	Program 3 HCC	Program 4	Program 5 H W
Program Name/Number/Contract Number: 711G7520 Unallowable Costs (see instructions)	900	570	420	400	390
compensation of governing body					
entertainment			1.		
association dues					
meetings and conventions	L				
fundraising					
bad debt					
charity and grants				<u> </u>	
unallowable interest					
inventories					
depreciation on DHS-funded assets					
cost of production					1
in-kind expenses			<u> </u>		
alcoholic beverages			<u> </u>		
personal automobiles					
fines & penalties					
personal use items					
·				T	
lobbying					
unallowable relocation					
gratuities					
political contributions					
related party transactions					
costs where a conflict of interest exists					
Unallowable costs if Program is Federally funde	d or				
cost-restricted by Contract (See Instructions) Explain:					
Explain:					
TOTAL UNALLOWABLE COSTS (to line D of Grant Report)See below if NONE	0	1 0	0	J_0_	0
If no unallowable costs are listed, sign and date I certify that no unallowable costs are incluthe Grant Report.	Signature	J. Dunha	Sunha	n	11/30/07 Date

Revised April 2007

GRANT REPORT for the period July 1 through June 30, 2007ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES Page 1 of 2 -- Grant Allowable Cost Summary

37-6002224 FEIN: AGENCY NAME: Vermilion County Health Department

		DHS GRANT-FUNDED SERVICES	UNDED SEF	RVICES			All other	Mgmt &	
		-					Programs	General	Total
		Program 6 Pr	Program 7	Program 3	Program 4	Program 5			
	Program Name/Number/Contract Number/Other Identification	Į	FCM DNSTATE						
	711G7520	440	300		٠				
⋖	Direct Program expenses	144.696	988, 128, 1986		٠				502,582
8	1	35,	68,414					-	103,518
U	1	179.	800 426,300					-0-	606,100
٥	1	0	0						
Ш		0	0						
Ш		179,800	426,300						
ပ	Special provisions (see instructions)	0	0						
I	H Interest Earned (see instructions) *	0	0						

However, is used for other expenses other basis (attach explanation). Direct costs are used for supplies, travel, patient care and equipment (when purchased). Full Time Equivalency (FTE) direct salaries, X total direct costs, __ rent is allocated by using square footage. NOTE 1: Management and General costs are allocated based on: _ such as phones, postage, etc.

*Cost of accounting for interest is significant in terms of interest earned.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES GRANT REPORT for the period July 1 through June 30, $\underline{200}7$ Page 2 of 2 -- UNALLOWABLE COSTS REPORT

AGENCYNAME: Vermilion County Health Dept.

FEIN: 37-6002224

	DHS GRANT-FUNDED SERVICES				
	Program . O	Program /	Program 3	Program 4	Program 5
Program Name/Number/Contract Number:		FCM DNST			L
711G7520 Unallowable Costs (see instructions)	440	300			
compensation of governing body					
entertainment					
association dues					
meetings and conventions					
fundraising					
bad debt					
charity and grants		I			
unallowable interest					
		1			
inventories			I		
depreciation on DHS-funded assets		<u> </u>	L		
cost of production					
in-kind expenses					
alcoholic beverages					
personal automobiles					
fines & penalties					Ι.
personal use items					
lobbying					
unallowable relocation				I	
gratuities					
political contributions					
related party transactions					
costs where a conflict of interest exists		T			
Unallowable costs if Program is Federally funde	d or				
cost-restricted by Contract (See Instructions)	· ·		1	T	1
Explain:		T		Т	
Explain:		<u> </u>			1
TOTAL UNALLOWABLE COSTS (to line D of Grant Report) See below if NONE	0	0			
If no unallowable costs are listed, sign and date I certify that no unallowable costs are inclu the Grant Report.	as follows: uded in either dire	ct costs or allocal	ted Management	and General cos	ts on
uio otalii roporti	Signature	a Jed	unham	<u>ノ</u>	11/30/07 Date
	Donna 3	J. Dunham	ı, Financ	<u>ia</u> l Dire	ctor
	Printed Name a			· 	

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and Other Matters and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Vermilion County Board Vermilion County, Illinois Danville, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Vermilion County, Illinois as of and for the year ended November 30, 2007, which collectively comprise Vermilion County, Illinois' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 23, 2008. In our report on the financial statements our opinion was adverse for the governmental activities due to the omission of certain fixed assets and general infrastructure assets and related depreciation expense. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Vermilion County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affect the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 07-01 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.



A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we consider finding 07-01 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Vermilion County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance that we have reported to management of Vermilion County in a separate letter dated May 23, 2008.

Vermilion County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit Vermilion County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, finance committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Gunderson LLP

Danville, Illinois May 23, 2008



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Vermilion County Board Vermilion County, Illinois Danville, Illinois

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Vermilion County, Illinois with the types of compliance requirements described in The *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended November 30, 2007. Vermilion County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Vermilion County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Vermilion County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Vermilion County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Vermilion County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Vermilion County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended November 30, 2007.



Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Vermilion County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Vermilion County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board, finance committee, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Clifton Gunderson LLP

Danville, Illinois May 23, 2008

91

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

	Passed Through to Subrecipients		- 6	5	5 0	\$		72	20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Federal Expenditures	\$ 244,615	164,659	846,665	650 8 1,250,539	\$ 638	\$ 52,892	161,892 93,667 66,096	159,763 103,700 11,257 25,560 462,172
30, 200/	Grantor's <u>Number</u>	711G7520000	811G7520000	None None		None	711G6520000 811G6520000	711G6520000 811G6520000	711G6520000 711G6520000 711G6520000
Ended November 30, 2007	CFDA Number	10.557	10.557	10.557 10.572	10.559	99.99	ervices: 93.217 93.217	93.558 93.558	93.667 93.994 93.575
rear	Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/Program Title DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Flow-through from Illinois Department	Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	Supplemental Nutrition Frogram for Women, Infants, and Children - Noncash Farmers' Market Nutrition Program	Flow-through from Illinois Department of Public Health: Summer Food Inspection TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Flow-through from Illinois Department of Public Health: Performance Partnership Grant	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Flow-through from Illinois Department of Human Services: Social Services Block Grant: Family Planning - Title X Family Planning - Title X	Temporary Assistance to Needy Families Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	Title XX Block Grant MCH Block Grant Childcare Development Block Grant

92

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

CFDA Number 93.283 93.069 93.563 93.268 93.778
17.258
97.042 97.040

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended November 30, 2007

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	CFDA Number	Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Flow-through Illinois Department of Transportation: Public Transportation for Non-Urbanized Areas	20.509	None	\$ 127,078	.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Flow-through Illinois Criminal Justice Information Aut Byrne Formula Grant	Authority: 16.579	2005-DJ-BX-			
Byrne Formula Grant	16.579	0308 2005-DJ-BX-	\$ 143,581	\$ 143,581	81
Total Byrne Formula Grant		0000	188,581	188,581	<u>8</u>
Flow-through the City of Danville: Edward Byrne Memorial Grant	16.710	None	10,168	1	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			\$ 198,749	\$ 188,581	<u>81</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF AWARDS			\$ 2,661,268	\$ 188,587	81

This schedule should be read only in connection with the accompanying note to the schedule.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS November 30, 2007

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Non-monetary Assistance

The Vermilion County Health Department receives commodities for the immunization program through the Illinois Department of Public Health (IDPH). During fiscal year 2007 these commodities were valued at \$118,499 (CFDA 93.268). This amount is included in the accompanying schedule as the Immunization Grant.

The Vermilion County Health Department issues food instruments to participants in the WIC Program that are used to purchase food. During fiscal year 2007 these food instruments were valued at \$846,665 (CFDA 10.557). This amount is included in the accompanying schedule as part of the WIC Grant.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended November 30, 2007

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's rep		adverse opin	nion
 Internal control over f Material weal Significant de to be material 	financial reporting: kness(es) identified? eficiencies identified that are not con	x_Yes	No
Federal Awards Internal control over • Material weak • Significant de to be material		sideredYes Yes unqualified	
Any audit findings d OMB Circular A-133	lisclosed that are required to be rep?	oorted in accordanceYes	with section 510(a) of x No
Identification of majo	or programs:		
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Clu	<u>ıster</u>	
10.557 16.579	Supplemental Nutrition Program for Byrne Formula Grant Program	or Women, Infants an	nd Children
Dollar threshold used Auditee qualified as l	to distinguish between type A and tow-risk auditee?	type B programs: \$3	<u>800,000</u> <u>x</u> No
		. 171 11	

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

FINDING NO. 07-01 – FINANCIAL STATEMENT PREPARATION, INCLUDING CASH TO ACCRUAL BASIS ADJUSTMENTS

Criteria or Specific Requirement: Financial Statement Preparation, Including Cash to Accrual Basis Adjustments.

Condition: The County engages Clifton Gunderson to assist in preparing the necessary cash to accrual basis adjustments and its financial statements and accompanying disclosures. However, as independent auditors, Clifton Gunderson cannot be considered part of the County's internal control system.

Context: The County Board and management share the ultimate responsibility for the County's internal control system.

Effect: While it is acceptable to outsource various accounting functions, the responsibility for internal control cannot be outsourced.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended November 30, 2007

Section II – Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

Cause: As a result of substantial changes in the County's personnel during this past year, the County did not have the necessary resources to perform a review of the County's financial statements and related disclosures including the necessary cash to accrual basis adjustments, to provide a high level of assurance that any potential material omissions or other errors would be identified and corrected.

Recommendation: The County should continue to obtain additional training to be able to assist in the posting of the cash to accrual adjustments and development of the necessary financial reporting package.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: The County's management is aware of the need for proper personnel to complete the necessary cash to accrual basis adjustments, financial statements, including disclosures in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and has made changes which will assist in performing this function in the future.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None to report.

VERMILION COUNTY, ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS Year Ended November 30, 2007

YEAR ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2006

FINDING NO. 06-01 – HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT (HAVA) CFDA #90.401

Payments to vendors must be made no later than 30 days following receipt of assistance payment from the State Board of Election or by the due date indicated on contract, whichever is earlier, as required by federal cash management requirements.

Condition has been corrected.